

Triptych I

Part I: Toccata (*ca. 8 minutes*)

Part II: Wooden Rain (*8 minutes*)

Part III: Beyond Reality (*8 minutes*)

for marimba and almglocken (1 player) with fixed media

Christopher Coleman

2014

Programme Note

A triptych is a painting on three hinged panels, often used for altarpieces from the late medieval period onward--Hieronymus Bosch's *The Garden of Earthly Delights* is one of the most unusual examples. I have applied the form to sound in this collection of three independent but closely related pieces, which can be performed together or separately.

The first, *Toccata*, is for marimba and almglocken (tuned cowbells) and develops gradually shifting rhythmic and harmonic patterns. The title means 'touch piece' and I've taken that literally, as the percussionist begins by playing directly on the instruments with their fingertips.

The second piece, *Wooden Rain*, for quadraphonic prerecorded sound only, is generated by the application of the massive replication and phase shifting technique to the marimba parts of a recording of the *Toccata*, metamorphosing into rough granular sounds and eventually vast sweeps of harmony as the process continues.

The final piece, *Beyond Reality*, unites the live marimba and almglocken with new manipulations of the pre-recorded version, in a way that seems to draw aside the thinly veiled distinction between actual and imagined worlds. --CC

Christopher Coleman

Christopher Coleman (b. 1958, Atlanta, GA) composer, conductor, trombonist, is currently Composition Coordinator and Associate Head of the Hong Kong Baptist University Department of Music, where he has taught for the past 26 years.

Coleman's works range from orchestral tone poems to large-scale multimedia/improvisation pieces, to works for symphonic band, chamber ensembles, instrumental solo, and voice. A prize-winning composer, he has received numerous commissions and grants, including those from local groups the Hong Kong Wind Kamerata, the Hong Kong Wind Philharmonia, the Hong Kong Composers' Guild, RTHK Radio 4, and the Hong Kong University Grants Committee.

His music is published by Vanderbilt Music, Maecenas Music, Theodore Presser, Ensemble Publications, C. Alan Publications and Crown Music Press.

A trans-media artist, Christopher Coleman also works in painting, sculpture and computer graphics. He is a founding member of People's Liberation Improv, Hong Kong's leading comedy improv group, and has performed with them in Beijing, Seoul, Manila, and Macau as well as Hong Kong.

Triptych 1

Part 1: Toccata

Christopher Coleman

Spacious and distant

Marimba { *p* with fingers

beginning quite slowly but gathering speed and volume throughout

repeat each pattern several times, finding new ways of accentuation

Mrb. { *the two hands may begin to disengage*

A *murmuring*

sf *p* *sf* *> mp*

rather rapidly

Mrb. { *rit. trill into sixteenths* *mf*

lyrically

f

mf

L.H. rit. e dim.

rit. e dim.

f

The musical score consists of four staves of music for Marimba and Mallet Bass (Mrb.). The Marimba part starts with a dynamic of *p* and a instruction to play "with fingers". It then transitions to a dynamic of *mp* with the instruction "beginning quite slowly but gathering speed and volume throughout" and "repeat each pattern several times, finding new ways of accentuation". The Mallet Bass (Mrb.) part starts with a dynamic of *p* and an instruction "the two hands may begin to disengage". It then moves to a section labeled "A" with a dynamic of *sf*, followed by *p*, *sf*, and *> mp*. The Marimba part continues with a dynamic of *mf* and the instruction "rit. trill into sixteenths", followed by a dynamic of *f* and the instruction "lyrically". The Mallet Bass (Mrb.) part concludes with a dynamic of *f* and the instruction "rit. e dim.". The Marimba part ends with a dynamic of *mf* and the instruction "L.H. rit. e dim.". The Mallet Bass (Mrb.) part ends with a dynamic of *f* and the instruction "rit. e dim.".

B *espressivo*

Mrb.

L.V.

Alm.

Mrb.

C *very slowly*
with mallets

Mrb.

with increasing fury!

Mrb.

as fast as possible!

Mrb.

to almglocken

D**Fast** $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 120$

Almglocken

14

Alm.

24

Alm.

36

Alm.

40

Alm.

E*somewhat relaxed* ♩=80

Almglocken

Marimba

Alm.

Mrb.

Mrb.

f

suddenly faster ♩=90

accel.

rit.

molto rit.

ff

Mrb.

accel.

♩=100

Mrb.

accel.

F *even faster* ♩=110

Mrb.

43 5

Mrb.

as before

46

Mrb.

50

Mrb.

53

Mrb.

56

Mrb.

Very freely

59

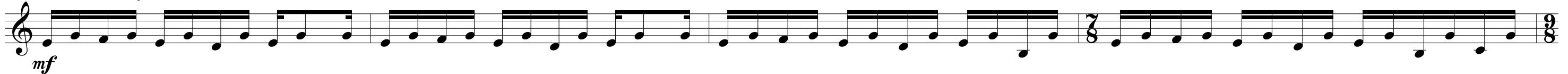
Mrb.

L.V.

G

6 Gently $\text{♩} = 80$

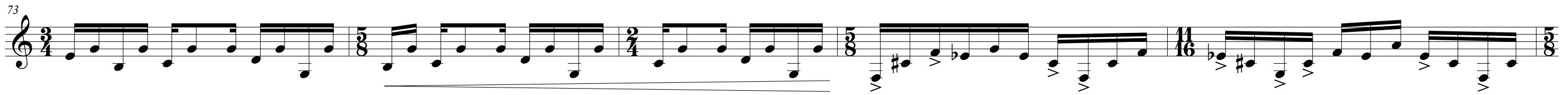
Alm.



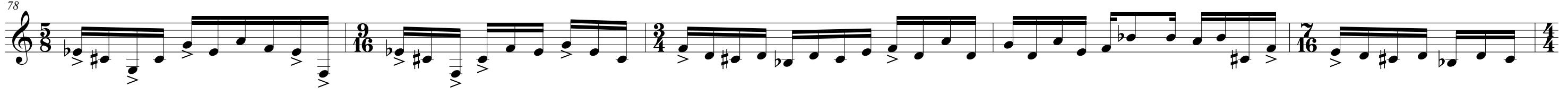
Alm.



Alm.



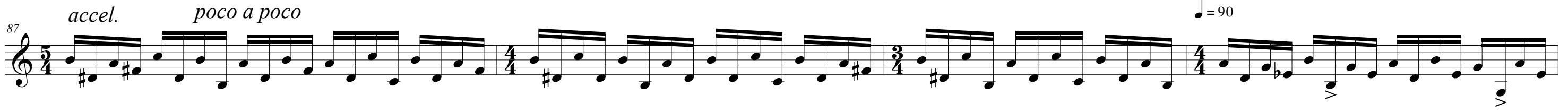
Alm.



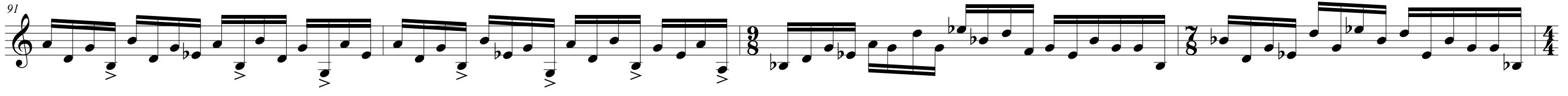
Alm.



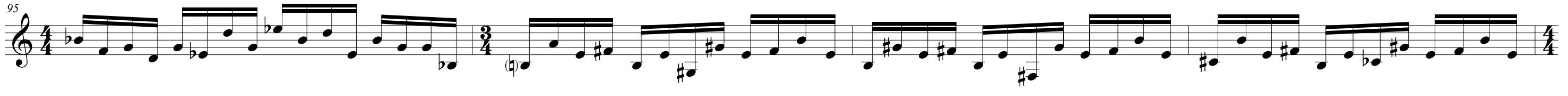
Alm.

 $\text{♩} = 90$

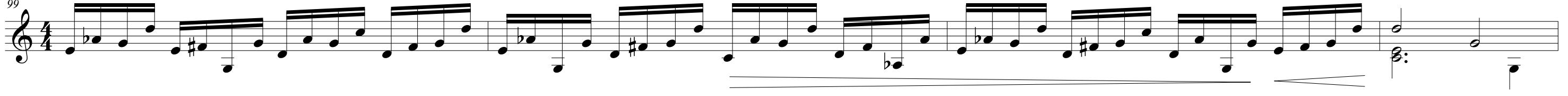
Alm.



Alm.



Alm.



*rit.***H**Rather slowly $\text{♩} = 60$

103

Alm. 103

Mrb. 103

mf

112

Alm. 112

Mrb. 112

121

Mrb. 121

subito p

dying away to nothing very long

Part II: Wooden Rain

Tacet

Tryptich I:
III. Beyond Reality

Christopher Coleman

$\text{♩} = 66$

Soundtrack

Almglocken

Marimba

Alm.

Mrb.

Alm.

Mrb.

Alm.

Mrb.

L.V.

10

ca. 0:45

ca. 1:00

as below, on these 'black key' bars

with a very soft felt timpani mallet glissando as rapidly as possible on the lowest 'white-note' bars

ca. 28

=ca. 60

4
4

with palms of hands on bars,
quickly up, hesitating at top,
slowly down; like breathing

pp < p > pp

at first no notes sound, only the swish of the hand against the bars;
but eventually add more fingertips and less palm so that notes gradually begin to be heard.

Roll UNEVENLY inside bell of almglocken, occasionally missing the top or bottom to create rhythmic interest

two-finger fingertip roll;
need not be regular

as below, on these 'black key' bars

mp

mf

2
28

ca. 1:22

Alm.

end ca. 1:50 to marimba, regular yarn mallets

TACET until ca. 2:30

Begin ca. 2:30 very softly and slowly--
even indistinctly--and accel and cresc.

Mrb.

40

44

$\text{♩} = 120$

Mrb.

48

Mrb.

51

Mrb.

54

This musical score page contains six staves of music for Marimba (Mrb.) and Almond (Alm.). The music is in common time. The key signature changes from G major (two sharps) to F# major (one sharp) at the beginning of staff 2 (measure 40). Measure 28 (Alm.) features grace notes and slurs. Measure 40 (Mrb.) starts with eighth-note patterns and dynamics ppp and p. Measure 44 (Mrb.) continues with eighth-note patterns. Measure 48 (Mrb.) begins with eighth-note patterns. Measure 51 (Mrb.) begins with eighth-note patterns. Measure 54 (Mrb.) begins with eighth-note patterns. Measure 28 (Alm.) ends at ca. 1:50, transitioning to marimba and regular yarn mallets. The marimba part continues with eighth-note patterns throughout the remaining measures, with a dynamic change to *p* at measure 44. Measure 44 includes a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 120$. Measure 48 includes a dynamic change to *p*. Measures 51 and 54 include dynamic changes to *b*.

Mrb.

62

rit.

66

Mrb.

66

rit.

70 $\text{♩} = 80$

mf

Mrb.

70 $\text{♩} = 80$

mf

73 rit.

Mrb.

73

78 $\text{♩} = 80$

p

Roll UNEVENLY inside bell of almglocken, occasionally
missing the top or bottom to create rhythmic interest

Alm.

ca. 4:05

ca. 4:21

ca. 4:28

to marimba

ca. 4:34

ca. 4:45

ca. 4:57

Mrb.

Tacet until ca. 4:34

ca. 4:34

ca. 4:45

ca. 4:57

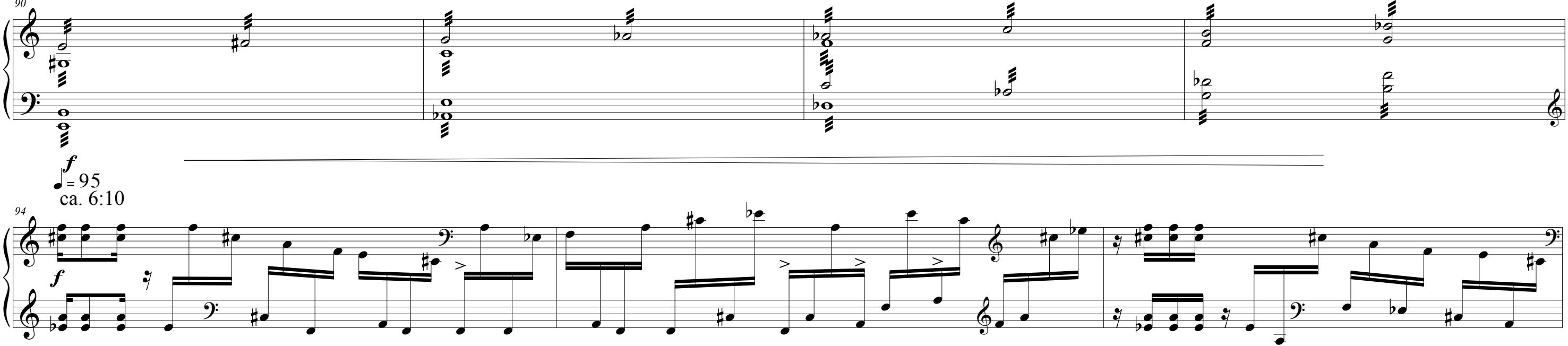
ca. 5:12

ca. 5:18

p

Moving along roughly at the pace of the harmonic change
of the recording; no need to synchronize exactly

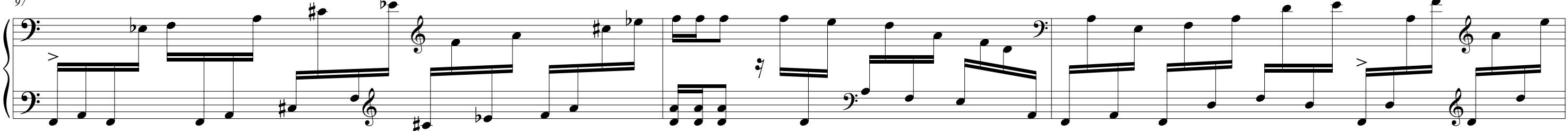
ca. 5:25 ca. 5:38 ca. 5:50 ca. 5:58

Mrb. 

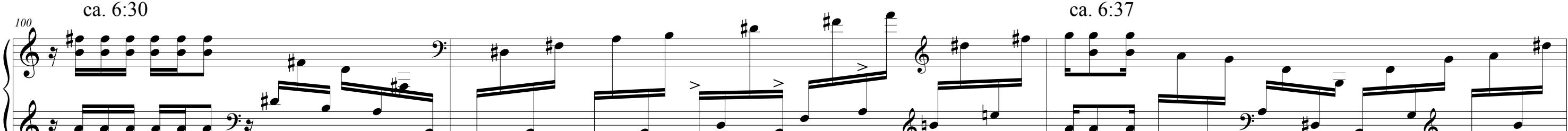
ca. 6:10

Mrb. 

ca. 6:22

Mrb. 

ca. 6:30 ca. 6:37

Mrb. 

ca. 6:40 ca. 6:44

Mrb. 

ca. 6:51

106

Mrb.

ca. 6:58

ca. 7:04

110

Mrb.

115

Mrb.

ca. 7:24

119

Mrb.

ff

ca. 7:32

Gliss up the resonating chambers with
shaft of mallet--resulting in a clatter.

ca. 7:36

f

mp

ca. 7:45

123

Alm.

f

ca. 7:51

mp

ca. 8:06

pppp